Electric Circuits

By Diff Eqs of 2nd order

· Faraday's Law	inductor	L: inductance i: electric current
(voltage	drop across th	e inductor) = $L \frac{di}{dt}$
· Ohmis Law	resistor — WW	R: resistance i: electric current  resistar) = Ri
· Coulombis Law	capacitor	Q: electric charge on Capacitos
· (voltage d · electric		capacitor) = $\frac{6}{C}$

· Kirchhoff's Valtage Law

(the sum of voltage drops in any loop) = 0

## LC Circuit

Laim J. C

(米) Ldi + 0=0

C: capacitor

i : electric current

Q: electric charge on the capacitor

V: voltage drop across the copacitor

$$\begin{cases} i = \frac{dQ}{dt} \\ v = \frac{Q}{C} \Rightarrow i = C\frac{dv}{dt} \end{cases}$$

A 2nd order DXI Eg for Q
$$L \frac{d^2Q}{dt^2} + \frac{1}{C}Q = 0$$

A 2nd order Diff Eq for i  $L \frac{d^2i}{dt^2} + Li = 0$ 

A 2nd order Doll Eq for V  $LC \frac{d^2v}{dt^2} + v = 0$ 

Laim J. C

(\*) Ldi + @ = 0

L: inductor

C: capacitur

i : electric current

Q: electric charge on the capacitor

v: voltage drop across the capacitor

$$\begin{cases} i = \frac{dQ}{dt} \Rightarrow i = C\frac{dV}{dt} \\ V = \frac{Q}{C} \end{cases}$$

## A System of Dill Eq's for Q and i

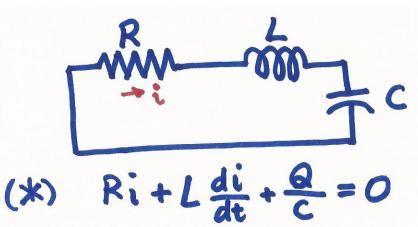
$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = i$$

$$\frac{di}{dt} = -\frac{1}{LC}Q$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{1}{LC} \end{bmatrix}$$

## A System of Doll Egs for v and i

RLC circuit



$$\begin{cases} i = \frac{dQ}{dt} \Rightarrow i = \frac{cdv}{dt} \end{cases}$$

Dill Eq for a (electric charge on the capacitor)

$$L \frac{d^2Q}{dt^2} + R \frac{dQ}{dt} + \frac{1}{C}Q = 0$$

Dill Eq fori (electric current)

$$L \frac{d^2i}{dt^2} + R \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{c}i = 0$$

Dell Es for V (voltage drop across the carpacitor)

$$\begin{cases} i = \frac{dQ}{dt} \\ v = \frac{Q}{c} \end{cases} = C \frac{dv}{dt}$$

A system of Deff Egi for { @ (electric current) (electric charge on the capacitn)

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dQ}{dt} = i \\ \frac{di}{dt} = -\frac{1}{LC}Q - \frac{R}{L}i \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} Q \\ i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Q \\ -\frac{1}{LC} \\ -\frac{R}{L} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Q \\ i \end{bmatrix}$$

A system of Dill Eq's for { i

(voltage drop across the capacitor) (electric current)

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dv}{dt} = -\frac{1}{L}v - \frac{R}{L}i \\ \frac{di}{dt} = -\frac{1}{L}v - \frac{R}{L}i \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} v \\ i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{C} \\ -\frac{1}{C} & -\frac{R}{C} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v \\ i \end{bmatrix}$$

## RLC Circuit



· 2 nd Order Dill Eq for i (electric current): Ldi+R

 $L\frac{d^{2}i}{dt^{2}} + R\frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{C}i = 0$ 

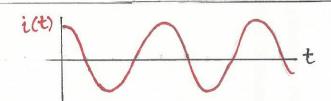
· Charecteristic Polynomial and Eigenvalues:

$$L\lambda^2 + R\lambda + \frac{1}{C} = 0$$
.

$$\lambda = \frac{-R \pm \sqrt{R^2 - 4L/C}}{2L}$$

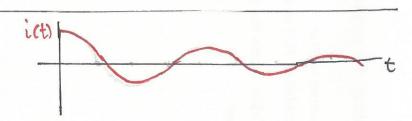
. Un-Damped Circuit

R=0 i.e. LC circuit



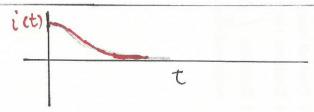
· Under-Damped Circuit

R>0, R2-46<0

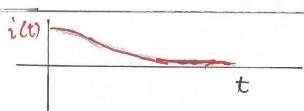


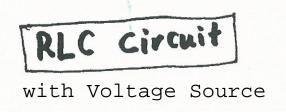
· Critically-Damped Circuit

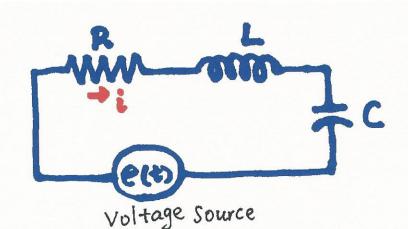
$$R^2 - 4\frac{L}{C} = 0$$
, i.e.  $R = 24\frac{L}{C}$ 



· Over-Damped Circuit







(\*) 
$$Ri + L \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{Q}{C} - e(t) = 0$$

$$i = \frac{dQ}{dt}$$

$$V = \frac{Q}{C}$$

Dill Eq for Q (electric charge on the capacitor)

$$L\frac{d^2Q}{dt^2} + R\frac{dQ}{dt} + \frac{Q}{C} = e(t)$$

Nonhomogeneous Linear Diff Eq

Del Eq for i (current)

$$L \frac{d^2i}{dt^2} + R \frac{di}{dt} + \dot{c}i = e(t)$$

Dil Eg for v (voltage drop across the capaciter)